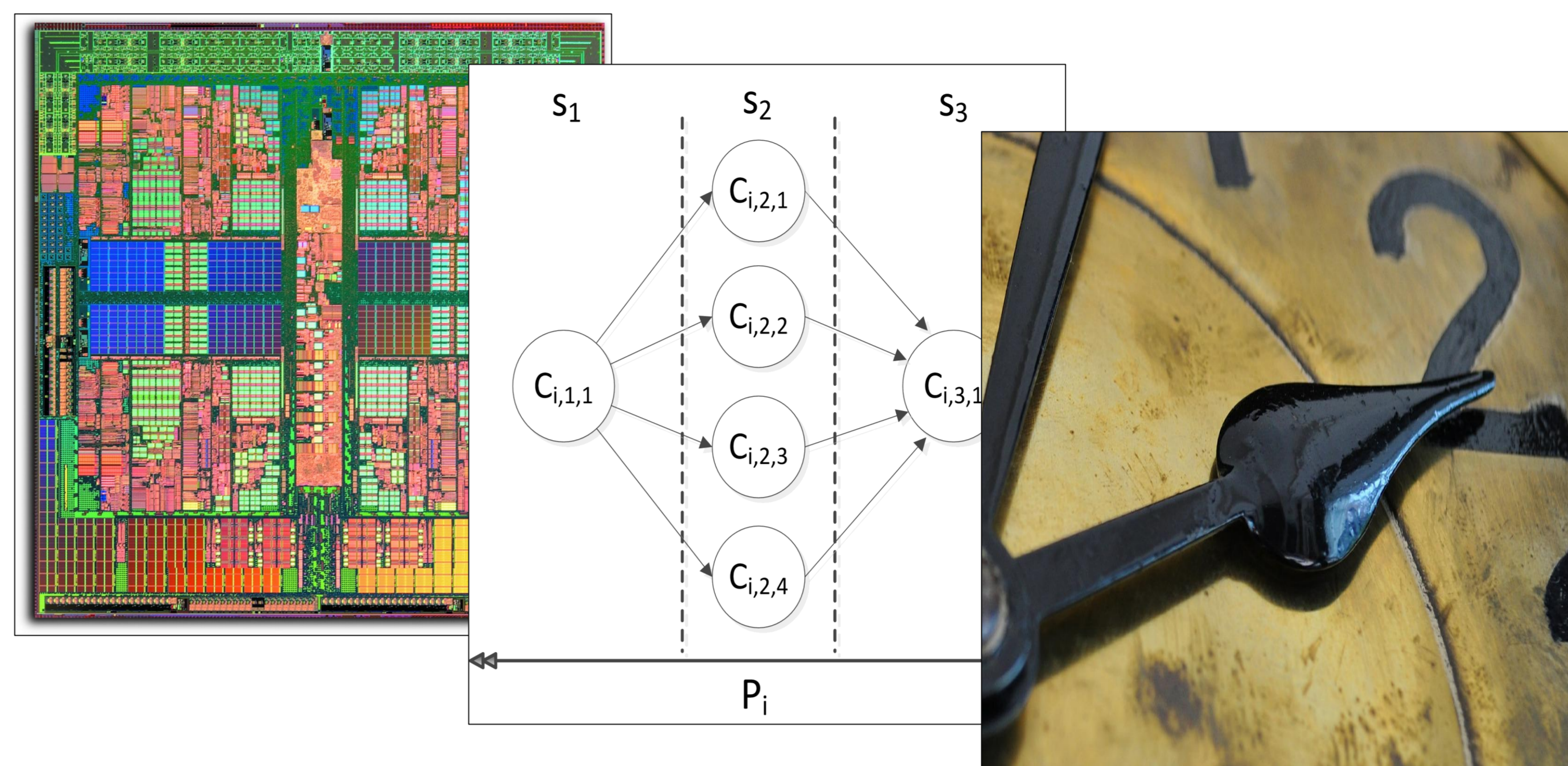
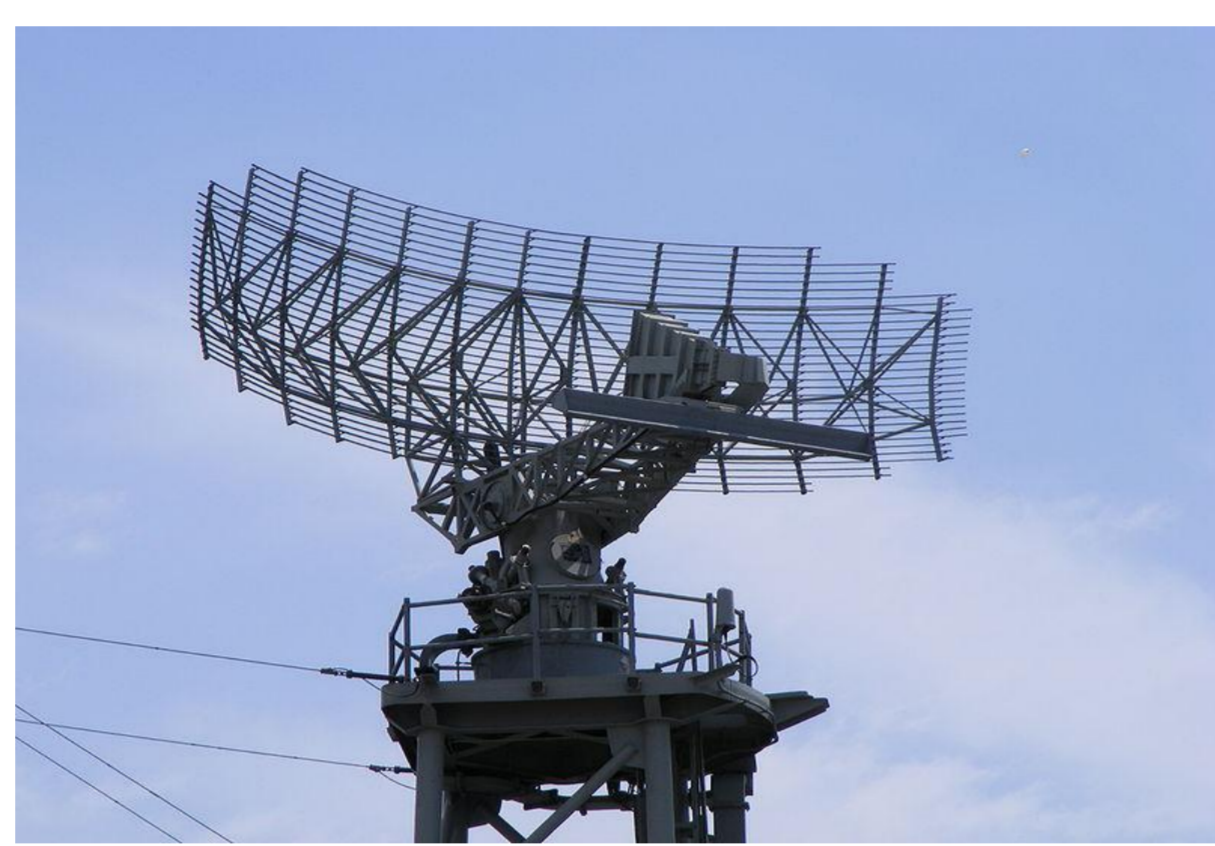


# Towards the Combination of Work-Stealing and Semi-Partitioned Scheduling for Parallel Tasks

## Motivation

- Multi/many-processor platforms
- Parallel Computing Paradigms
- Semi-partitioned scheduling
- High Performance
- High Responsiveness

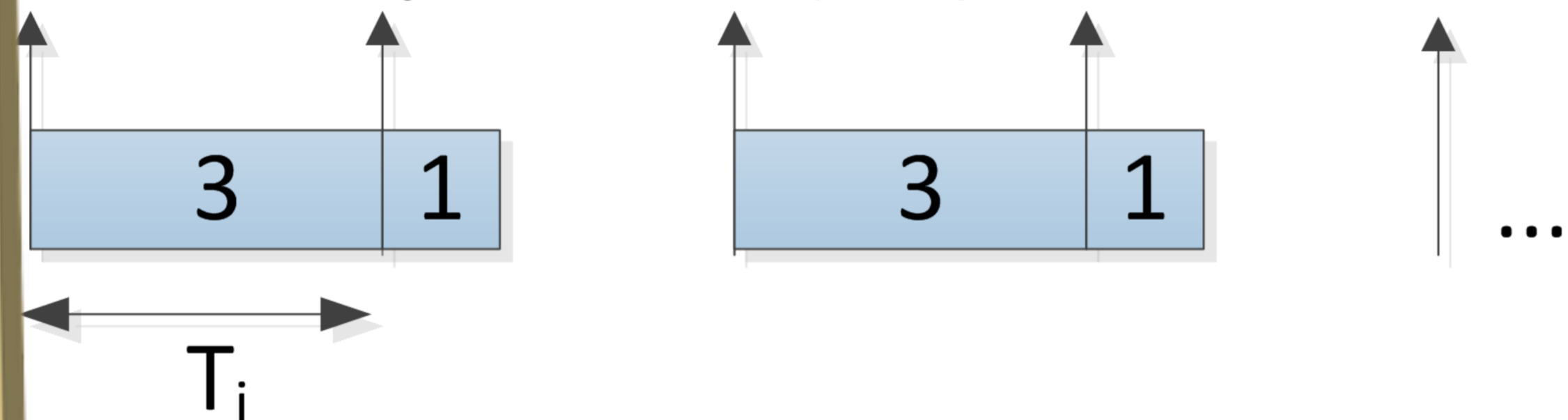


## Current Research

- Extension of the Limited Migrative model to support parallel computations
- Fully partitioned tasks (non-migrating tasks)
- Global multiframe tasks (migrating tasks)
- Migrating tasks can be subject to work-stealing

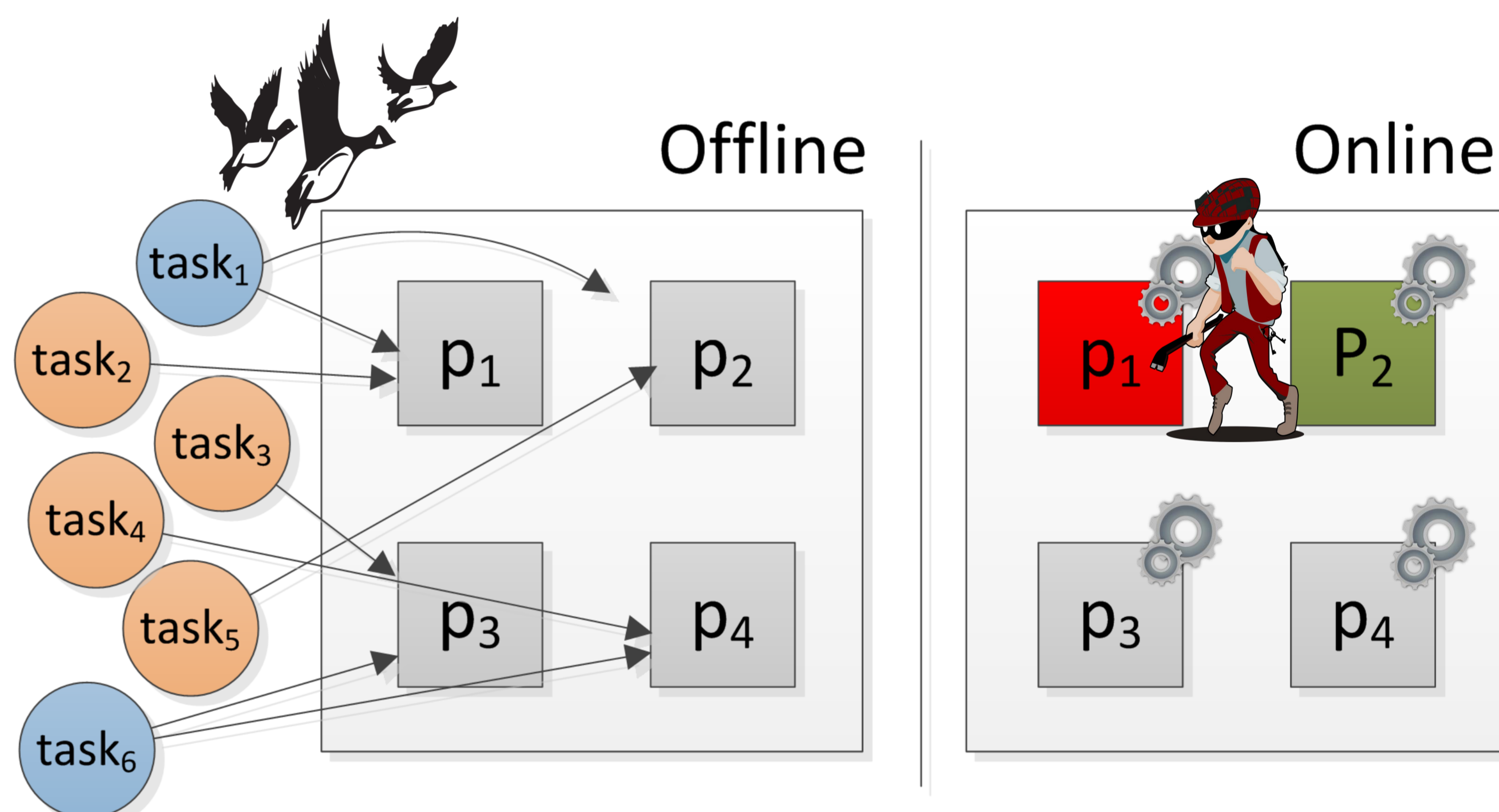
## Limited Migrative Model

Multiframe Task := ((pattern),  $T_i$ )  
pattern := (3,1);  $T_i = 3$

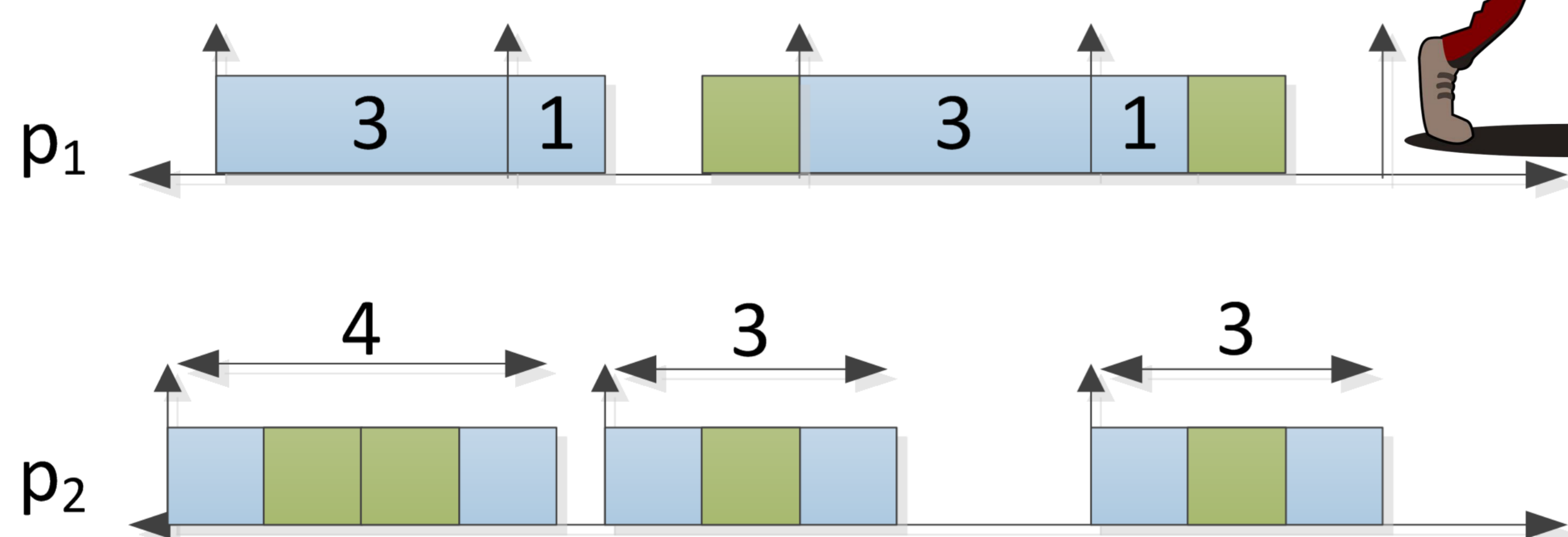


■ job or frame

## Proposed Approach



## Work-Stealing



- Parallel task
- Parallel region
- Sequential region

## Concluding Remarks

- Load balancing among cores
- Limited number of migrations
- High Performance
- Better Responsiveness

## References

[1] F. Dorin, P. M. Yomsi, J. Goossens, and P. Richard. Semi-partitioned hard real-time scheduling with restricted migrations upon identical multiprocessor platforms. In RTNS, 2010.

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